



### **2020 CERTIFICATION**

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

TOWN OF Belmont

Public Water System Name

O 7 1 000 (

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distribution the CCR.

the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or procedures when distributing the CCR.	provided to the customers upon reque	est. Make sure you follow the proper
CCR DISTRIBUTIO	N (Check all boxes that apply.)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publicatio	n, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement	nt)	
□ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)		
□ Other		
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, a	vater.bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email mess	sage	
≫Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CC	CR or proof of publication)	6/16/21
Posted in public places (attach list of locations)		Belmont France Jahren Belmont Cety Fall
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL): _		3
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the cuabove and that I used distribution methods allowed by the Sand correct and is consistent with the water quality monitor Water Supply.  Name	SDWA. I further certify that the infor	mation included in this CCR is true
	ONS (Select one method ONLY)	
You must email, fax (not preferred), or m		
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply	Email: water.reports@msdh	
P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Fax: (601) 576-7800	(NOT PREFERRED)

CCR DEADLINE TO MSDH & CUSTOMERS: BY JULY 1, 2021

# 2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

Town of Belmont
PWS#: 0710001
April 2021

2021 APR 15 AM 7: 12

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Gordo Aquifer, Palezoic.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The well for the Town of Belmont have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Harold Turner at 662.423.8249. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the regular meeting scheduled for the first Tuesday of each month at 7:00 PM at the Belmont City Hall.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2020. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2019*	.006	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2016/18*	<sub>2</sub> 1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2016/18*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

20, Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	N	2020	.02	No Range		ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	1100	No Range		PPB	0		Road Salt, Water Treatment     Chemicals, Water Softeners and     Sewage Effluents.
Volatile O	rgani	c Conta	minants	8					
76. Xylenes	N	2016*	.0018	No Range		ppm	10	1	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfectio	n By-	Produc	ts						
81. HAA5	N	2020	6	No Range	ppb		0		By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2016*	2.93	No Range	ppb		0	80 By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N	2020	.9	.61 – 1	mg/l		0 MD		Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576,7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1,800,426,4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Town of Belmont works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. We are making application for a new well.

#### PROOF OF PUBLICATION

#### STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF TISHOMNGO

## Before the undersigned a NOTARY PUBLIC

in and for said state and county

#### **CATHERINE MITCHELL**

Editor, Publisher and Manager of

The Belmont and Tishomingo Journal
a newspaper published in the
Town of Belmont
in said county and state, makes oath that the

#### LEGAL ADVERTISEMENT-WATER REPORT

of which the article here unto attached is a true copy, was published in said newspaper as follows:

Vol.	51	No.	14	Date	June 16, 2021
Vol.		No.		Date	
Vol.		No.		Date	
Vol.		No.		Date	
Vol.		No.		Date	

And I hereby certify that the issues above mentioned have been examined by me, and I find the publication there of to have been duly made, and that The Belmont and Tishomingo Journal has been established and had a bona fide circulation in said city, county and state for more than one year next proceeding the first date written above.

Editor, Publisher and Manager

Sworn to and subscribed before me this the

no.

2021

NW PU D# 127948 0 2 CHARLCTTE G. MCCAIN Commission Expires D. May 27, 2023 iLL A HONOR ROLL: 1st Grade, Belmont Ele-atary, A Honor Roll, Not Pictured: Larkin Hon-c, Gradynn Kennody, Romy Nelson, Laiykin

#### PICTURE RIGHT

fighost Language Arts average: 1st Grado, Bol-ut Elementary, Highest Language Arts Average, Lurod (L.Pl.): Langston Puckett. Bristol Helcomb. vyleo Cass, Klairo Greeno, Jax Owens, Kyloigh Gr-z Josie Webb, Addison Grimos, Landt Copeland, 1 Picturos: Larkin Hendrik.

PICTURED below







A & B HONOR ROLL: 1st Grade, Belmont Elementary, A & B Honor Roll Not Pictured: Khlaz-Lee Parxish

## lindergarten Registration

Items required to comtie your child's Kinderten registration for the
22 school year may be
speed off at the high
sool office Monday
rough Tausday, from
10 to 3:30.

If you have not sweeted.

ur child for Kindergarten
the 21/22 school year,
following options are

naliable.

1. Required forms may picked up at the high bool, completed, and rended to the high school, ag with the required documentation.

Required documentation.

Required documentation.

Required documentation.

Required documentation.

Required documentation.

Required forum required documentation.

Repuired forum required forum r

2. Required forms may completed online & aailed to the registrar or unscior, along with the resese forms are located on

Proofs Of Residency, obto beigh school.

In the required forms may equive forms may equive forms may explicted online & Residency must be complete of a clong with the redocumentation.

Proofs Of Residency, may be complete forms may be called the proof of Residency must be complete for the region of the residency must be complete on file at the school in order for your child to be allowed to start Kinderparten.



## River Ford Selected to Play in All State Game

Belmout's River Ford Community College. has been selected to play on the Mississippi All State Belmont High School and is

District Baseball Team.

Garnes will be played lone 14-17 at Meridian one of 18 selected from the

#### Mann Oil Change

Golden, MS - 454-3557 Home Owned & Operated by Daniel Mann

Golden Tire, LLC



We Keep You Rolling 37 RED DAY ROAD • COLDEN, HS• 662-454-0098 • TERRY DATES

Belmont Elementary School Lunch Menu K-8

Summer Food Service Program

Belmont Elementary School Monday-Friday June 7-June 30, 2021 Lunch 11:00 am-12:00 pm



ELMONT PHARMACY

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Belmont PWS#: 0710001 April 2021

nol office Monday Rhonda Bouds, Courage and the second sec

We residenly moralize for commonational in your entering water according to Faderial and Statis laws. This labble below itsize all of the de-continuants and the second of the second o

In this table you will find many terms and abbraviablens you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand those provided the following definitions:

Action Laval - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements follow.

Maximum Contominant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water be at expected that to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Distributions Lovel Goal (MRDLG) — The level of a distribution water distribution below which there is risk of bealth. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of distributions to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per militan (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mpli) – one part per million corresponds to one minuta in two years or a single pe

Parts per billion (200) or Allarograms per litter - one part per billion concessores to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,

				TEST RE	SULTS			
Contamenant	Violation. Y/N	Date Collected	Lovel Detected	Range of Detects  # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	or Unit Massure -mont	MCLG	MCL	Line y Source et Contamination
Inorganic (	Contam	inants	11-11			27		
10. Borham	N	2010*	.000	No Range	ppm	2		Oscharge of criting waster;     discharge from motal refineries;     esprion of natural deposits.
14, Copper	N	2016/18*	74	C	ppm	1.3	ALut	Compain of household plumbing systems; erasion of natural depositis; leaching from wood preservatives.
t7. Load	N	2016/10*	2	•	bbp		AL	15 Corresion of household plumbing systems, croston of natural deposits
20, Name (sa Nirogen)	к	2020	.02	No Ronge	ppm	1		Surell from fertilizer use; leaenly from septic tanks, sewage; erosio of natural deposits
Sodum	N N	5010.	1100	No Range	PPa	,		Read Sall, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Sefteners and Sevage Effuents.
Volatile Or	ganic (	Contami	inants					
70 Xylenes	N N	2016*	,001B	No Rongo	ppm	100		10 Discharge from prisoloum factories: discharge from chemical factories.
Disinfectio	n By-P	roducts						
S1. HAAS			0	No Range	pob	0.1	00	Dy-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82, TThM [Total tribalametherns]	N	2016*			рро	0	60	chlorination.
Chierang	N	2020	,B	01-1	Ngm	0 M	DRL = 4	Water additive used to control

The Town of Barmont works around the clock to provide to equally water to every top. We ask that all our outsomers help us pro-sources, which are bet heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. We are making additional for a new wall.